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Chapter X - Law Enforcement

Dear Reader:

The following document was created from the CTAS website (ctas.tennessee.edu). This website is maintained by CTAS staff and seeks to represent the most current information regarding issues relative to Tennessee county government.

We hope this information will be useful to you; reference to it will assist you with many of the questions that will arise in your tenure with county government. However, the *Tennessee Code Annotated* and other relevant laws or regulations should always be consulted before any action is taken based upon the contents of this document.

Please feel free to contact us if you have questions or comments regarding this information or any other CTAS website material.

Sincerely,

The University of Tennessee
County Technical Assistance Service
226 Anne Dallas Dudley Boulevard, Suite 400
Nashville, Tennessee 37219
615.532.3555 phone
615.532.3699 fax
www.ctas.tennessee.edu

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Chapter X - Law Enforcement

Offenses

Fireworks

Private Acts of 1957 Chapter 138

SECTION 1. That in counties of this State having a population of not less than 27,500, nor more than 27,600, by the Federal Census of 1950, or any subsequent Federal Census, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell or have in possession for purposes of sale fireworks as the same are defined by the general statute upon this subject enacted by the current session of the General Assembly. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable accordingly.

SECTION 2. That this Act shall be void and of no effect unless within 6 months from the date of final legislative action thereon the same shall be approved and ratified by a two-thirds majority of the Quarterly County Court.

SECTION 3. That this Act shall take effect from and after July 1, 1957, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: February 28, 1957.

Law Enforcement - Historical Notes

County Rangers

The following act once applied to the County Ranger in Fayette County but is no longer in effect.

1. Private Acts of 1957, Chapter 244, authorized supplemental compensation for County Rangers not to exceed \$1,200 in any calendar year which was entirely discretionary with Quarterly Court as to whether granted.

Militia

Those acts once affecting Fayette County, which related to the militia and to other law enforcement agencies other than the sheriff, are mentioned below in chronological order.

1. Acts of 1824, Chapter 40, designated the militia of Fayette County as the 88th Regiment of Tennessee and assigned the militia of the Counties of Fayette, Shelby, Tipton, Haywood, and Madison to the 14th Brigade. The field officers of those units were scheduled to meet at Jackson on the first Thursday in February, 1825, to select a Brigadier General to command the brigade.
2. Acts of 1825, Chapter 69, was a new military code for the State which contained Tables of Organization and rules, regulations, or directives for every conceivable situation. Fayette County's unit continued as the 88th Regiment and the Regimental Muster and drill would occur on the third Saturday in September annually. The Counties of Shelby, Tipton, Haywood, and Fayette made up the 14th Tennessee Brigade.
3. Acts of 1827, Chapter 60, scheduled the county drills for the militia units in the counties of Shelby, Hardeman, and Fayette. In Fayette County, the county drill would be held on the Monday and Tuesday preceding the third Friday and Saturday in September of each year.
4. Acts of 1835-36, Chapter 21, organized the State Militia in accordance with the stipulations contained in the new 1835 State Constitution, and constituted the whole new military code of the State. The Table of Organization showed the Fayette County units as the 126th and the 127th Regiments which were to be a part of the 22nd Brigade which also had in it the Counties of McNairy, Hardeman, and Shelby.
5. Acts of 1837-38, Chapter 157, was a schedule of the dates set aside for the county musters and drills for every militia unit in the State. In the 22nd Brigade the times were fixed for the counties of McNairy, Hardeman, Shelby, and for Fayette's unit which would muster and drill countywide on the Thursday and Friday following the first Friday and Saturday in September of each year.
6. Acts of 1841-42, Chapter 187, assigned Fayette County and Shelby County as the 23rd Brigade of Tennessee Militia which would be a part of the Fourth Division. The white males in the counties between the ages of 18 and 45 may hold an election on the first Saturday in March 1842, for the selection of a Brigadier General to command the Brigade and the person getting the highest

number of votes would be the Brigadier General.

7. Acts of 1861 (Ex. Sess.), Chapter 3, was the law under which the militia of Tennessee raised, organized, and equipped the States forces for the Civil War. This Act also placed the State and all the armed services in a state of preparation for war.

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